

## **Notification of the Discharge of Hazardous Waste**

Unless otherwise permitted by the City code, the discharge of hazardous waste into the POTW is strictly prohibited and constitutes a violation of the City code. Should a user discharge hazardous waste, said user must comply with the following provisions:

- (a) Any user who commences the discharge of hazardous waste shall notify the POTW, the EPA regional waste management division director, and the TCEQ, in writing, of any discharge into the POTW of a substance which, if otherwise disposed of, would be a hazardous waste under 40 CFR Part 261. Such notification must include the name of the hazardous waste as set forth in 40 CFR Part 261, the EPA hazardous waste number, and the type of discharge (continuous, batch, or other). All Significant Industrial Users who commence discharging after the effective date of this rule shall provide notification no later than one hundred and eighty (180) days after the discharge of the listed or characteristic hazardous waste. Any notification under this paragraph need be submitted only once for each hazardous waste discharged. The notification requirement in this section does not apply to pollutants already reported by users subject to categorical pretreatment standards under the self-monitoring requirements of sections 34-478(1), 34-478(3) and 34-478(4) of the City code.
- (b) In the case of any new regulations under Section 3001 of RCRA identifying additional characteristics of hazardous waste or listing any additional substance as a hazardous waste, the user must notify the control authority, the EPA regional waste management division director, and the TCEQ of the discharge of such substance within ninety (90) days of the effective date of such regulations.
- (c) In the case of any notification made under this section, the user shall certify that it has a program in place to reduce the volume and toxicity of hazardous wastes generated to the degree it has determined to be economically practical.
- (d) This provision does not create a right to discharge any substance not otherwise permitted to be discharged by the City code, a permit issued there under, or any applicable federal or state law.